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TUESDAY, MAY 17, 1960
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IN weeks or months to come students of Soviet affairs may come to a satisfactory conclusion as to just why Mr. Khrushchev, after spending several years prodding and shaming the West into agreeing to a Summit Conference, should have decided to shatter it, to shovel away the ground from under the leaders' feet and to tumble them all from the heights into a deep ditch.

SUMMIT SHAKEN

Even the most hopeful and ardent supporters of the Soviet Bloc will not find it easy to accept the Russian Premier's own explanation of his action, namely that he could not take part in a meeting with a man responsible for spying activities. Apart from the many revealed incidents of Russian espionage in almost every part of the world — revealed but never actually admitted, for the Soviet Government has an excellent principle of keeping total silence on such occasions — it is not long since Mr. Khrushchev was in the United States and jokingly said that all the intelligence collected by the U.S. also reached his table in the Kremlin, and that they might really pool their services and share the expense. Of the spy-plane's photographs he said "these are good, but ours are better." Nor, it is revealed, did the Soviet Union only learn on May 1, when the plane was downed, that such flights were being carried out. They had knowledge of the flights for some time before, when all seemed to be well set for the Summit, but were careful to say nothing until they were able to prove their technical skill by actually intercepting one of these planes.

The interception, which was most likely the fruit of successful counter-espionage, is undoubtedly a feather in the Soviet cap. But it is no logical reason for calling off the Summit two weeks later, when the four leaders had assembled and the meeting had just begun. If it gave genuine grounds for extreme popular anxiety in the Soviet Union, as Moscow broadcasts have made out, then the political explosion should have followed immediately upon the incident itself. Instead, the crisis was kept luke-warm in the interval, to be heated up and served at the moment judged to be most dramatic. The placing of the space vessel in orbit could be timed accurately to coincide with the Summit date: the plane had to be taken when it came. It may be, of course, that Mr. Khrushchev's act of political vandalism was not altogether voluntary. He may have become a prisoner of his own excessive propaganda over the spy-plane incident and of the highly inflamed atmosphere he has created around it at home. If the people of Moscow believe everything that he has said about the U.S. and its leaders recently, then it may really have become impossible for him to remain in Paris to negotiate.

Twice in this sorry affair the United States has endeavoured to cut its losses and make a fresh start. Mr. Eisenhower did this for the first time when he admitted that the plane had been on an intelligence mission, and again yesterday when he made a statement that there would be no more over-flights of Soviet territory: both were courageous attempts to shore up the Summit but each, in the event, left him more deeply embroiled than before. He can scarcely accept Mr. Khrushchev's next demand that he "punish those responsible." To do that, he would presumably have to make a start by resigning his own office. If there have been complaints within the Soviet world lately, particularly from China, that the Russian Premier is "too soft," he has shown he can be as hard and as hostile as anyone. Perhaps this is what he judged he needed.

Fortunately it is a long way from the blasting of a long-prepared Summit meeting to the physical blast of [illegible] weapons. Nothing but the [illegible] [illegible] that there [illegible] will be no nuclear war could [illegible] such [illegible] [illegible] action as that of Mr. Khrushchev in Paris yesterday.

Nasser Ties Suez To Refugees—Fulbright

By ARI RATH, Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

Senator J. William Fulbright said in Jerusalem last night Abdul Nasser had told him in Cairo at the end of last week that he is "prepared to implement all U.N. resolutions if Israel does likewise."

Mr. Fulbright, Chairman of the U.S. Senate Foreign Relations Committee, said this means the Suez Canal blockade question is tied to that of the Arab refugees.

He would not say directly what his own position was on the question.

Commenting on reports of the Summit crisis from Paris, which had reached him only after his arrival in Jerusalem, Mr. Fulbright said: "It is very unfortunate that the Chairman (Mr. Khrushchev) used the plane incident to break up the Summit." He added, however, that this would not intensify the cold war, since there has been no real détente yet.

Fulbright

Mr. Fulbright was speaking to reporters at the Prime Minister's Office after a half-hour meeting with Mr. Ben-Gurion, described as "a courtesy call."

Comes from Jordan

The meeting was held two hours after Senator Fulbright's arrival from Jordan. He crossed at Mandelbaum gate at 5.15 p.m., three-quarters of an hour ahead of schedule.

The only Israeli to greet him was the police sergeant in charge of the police post at the border, Samai Malin. The U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Ogden Reid, and the official welcoming party comprising Mr. Teddy Kollek and Mr. Gershon Avner, then went directly to the King David Hotel. On their arrival they found the Senator asleep.

His day had begun at 4 a.m. in Cairo. He had flown to Kalandia airport in Jordan, met the Jordan Foreign Minister in the Old City, and visited refugee camps in the Jericho area.

The official welcome was extended in the hotel lobby at 7 p.m. when Mr. Fulbright was on his way to meet Mr. Ben-Gurion. Mr. Reid told *The Jerusalem Post* that this was his first meeting with the Senator since the Senate Committee's hearings prior to his appointment last year, and that he was "delighted to meet the Senator again."

Tours Egypt

Mr. Fulbright said that during his five-day tour of Egypt he visited the Aswan dam project, fertiliser and power plants, as well as museums and ancient sites.

The meeting with Mr. Ben-Gurion is not believed to have dealt in detail with actual Middle East problems, since the main political talks are scheduled for tonight, when Mr. Fulbright is to be the dinner guest of Foreign Minister Golda Meir.

At yesterday's meeting, Mr. Ben-Gurion referred to his theory on the exodus from Egypt and the recent discovery of the Bar-Kochba letters, which prove the continued presence of the Jews in Israel since ancient times. Ambassador Reid attended the meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Fulbright and Mr. Earl Marcy, the chief of the Foreign Relations Committee staff, were last night the dinner guests of the U.S. Consul-General in Jerusalem.

The Senator today will tour the Kiryat Gat area and then fly by helicopter to Beit Berl, near Kfar Saba, to meet with the Burmese training group of ex-servicemen. He is to return to Jerusalem after lunch and will visit the Hebrew University and other sites in Jerusalem.

Ike 'Regrets' Bid To Stop UAR Aid

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — President Eisenhower yesterday described as "regrettable" the amendment inserted by Congress in the 1960-61 Foreign Aid Bill inviting the Administration to withhold aid from any country engaged in blocking free navigation.

The amendment was clearly aimed at the UAR for its refusal of passage through the Suez Canal to vessels serving Israel ports.

But the President announced that he was signing the bill and that in general he was "highly gratified" by the action of Congress on the measure.

Congress cut the President's $4,175m. request to $4,086m. — a relatively small reduction compared with previous years.

White S. Africans On Hunger Strike

CAPETOWN (Reuter). — Nineteen white women, detained under South Africa's emergency regulations, have been on hunger strike since Saturday morning, the Justice Minister, Mr. Francois Erasmus, announced here yesterday in the House of Assembly.

He said there was sufficient food available for the women and they were under continual medical attention.

Mr. Erasmus also announced that 14 white male detainees at Worcester prison, about 100 kms. from here, had decided to go on hunger strike from yesterday. They had demanded to see a certain police officer and said they would cease the strike only if their request were granted.

He added that instructions had immediately been given for a police officer to see them.

Last week women detainees sent a petition to Mr. Erasmus saying: "We are convinced our arrests have been completely haphazard and bear no relationship to any emergency whatsoever."

During the debate Mr. Erasmus said negotiations were in progress with the British Government for the extradition of 20 "named Communists, who are known to have been behind the recent disturbances," from Bechuanaland, Swaziland and Basutoland.

Dag Confers on M-E Issues in London

By S. J. GOLDSMITH
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON. — U.N. Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold's general talk with Foreign Secretary Selwyn Lloyd was followed yesterday by a lengthy but inconclusive meeting with Sir Roger Stevens, Deputy Under-Secretary in charge of Middle East Affairs. The meeting was devoted to a discussion of Middle East questions in some detail.

Foreign Office circles deny reports that Britain is now less emphatic than last year about freedom of passage through the Suez Canal.

Mr. Hammarskjold came here to discuss South Africa, but other topical issues, of which the Middle East is the most acute, have also been discussed. The Secretary-General's aides decline to comment on the discrepancy between his and Mrs. Golda Meir's versions on the Ashdod [illegible].

Mr. Hammarskjold left last night for New York, saying his visit to South Africa may now be postponed from July to August.

59 DIE IN TRAIN CRASH IN LEIPZIG

BERLIN (Reuter). — Fifty-nine persons were killed in a rail crash in Leipzig on Sunday night, the East German news agency ADN reported yesterday.

About 100 persons were hospitalised.

Khrushchev Withdraws Invitation to Ike, Wants Summit Talks Postponed 6 to 8 Months

New Soviet Note Calls on U.S. To Reject, Condemn Air Intrusions

MOSCOW (Reuter). — The Soviet Union yesterday called on the U.S. to reject and condemn its announced policy of "aggressive intrusion into the air space of other states."

The request came in a second note of protest to the U.S. over the American "spy-plane" shot down in Russia on May Day.

It replied to an American note of May 12 in which the U.S. said it had sent aerial survey flights over Soviet territory "for purely defensive purposes."

The U.S. note denied that this policy had an aggressive intent or that the flight of the shot-down plane was undertaken in an effort to prejudice the success of the Summit talks.

Yesterday's Soviet note repeated previous warnings that, if such flights continued, the aircraft would be immediately destroyed.

Danger to U.S. Allies

It also said that this American policy placed in jeopardy those countries which offered their territory as bases because the Soviet Union would take measures against those states, "even up to blows against the bases indicated."

The note said the Soviet Union continued to advocate reestablishment of good relations with the U.S., but claimed that whether this could be done depended only on the U.S. Government.

The note was handed over in Moscow to Mr. Edward Freers, the U.S. Chargé d'Affaires, and was immediately transmitted to President Eisenhower in Paris and to Washington.

Mr. Freers received it from Mr. Nikolai Firyubin, the Deputy Soviet Foreign Minister. Mr. Freers said Mr. Firyubin's attitude was "correct and pleasant."

The Soviet note said the statement by Secretary of State Christian Herter on May 9 and other public statements in the U.S. [illegible] an effort to "justify hostile activities which are permissible only in relations between states which are in a state of war with each other."

France Apologizes For Overflight

BONN (Reuter). — France has apologized to Russia about a private French tourist plane which "must have gone off course" and flown over East German territory, Western Allied sources said here yesterday.

The sources said the French plane must have been the one which provoked a strong Russian protest to the three Western Powers on Sunday about an unmarked aircraft which intruded about 90 kilometres into East German territory on May 6.

The protest, made in letters from the Soviet Commander-in-Chief in East Germany, General I.I. Yakubovsky, to the American, British and French commanders in East Germany, warned of "the most stringent measures for curbing such violations."

A French Embassy spokesman said later the plane was a Wassmer 40, a four-seater single-engine monoplane, flying from Strasbourg to Malmo, Sweden.

The plane went across the border by error.

Russian Flights Over Pakistan

LONDON (Reuter). — Field Marshal Mohammed Ayub Khan, the President and Prime Minister of Pakistan, said on leaving London yesterday that Russian planes had been flying over his country for some time.

Asked if any protest had been made to Russia, he shrugged his shoulders and said: "What would be the use?"

Gov't Rejects Black's Advice To Denationalize Potash Plant

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The President of the World Bank, Mr. Eugene Black, told Government representatives here he "would view with favour" the conversion of the Dead Sea potash and bromine works into a private enterprise. But Israel's representatives rejected the suggestion.

This was revealed in the Knesset yesterday by the Minister of Development, Mr. Mordechai Bentov, in replying to the debate on his Ministry's proposed budget for 1960-61.

Mr. Bentov, after a more or less routine reply to speakers in the debate, suddenly mentioned Mr. Black's expression of opinion on Government ownership of the Dead Sea works.

The Government's representatives had told Mr. Black that the public character of the enterprise must be preserved, not only because it was Israel's greatest treasure, but also because it was the only way to ensure that profits would not be withdrawn from the country but be ploughed back for further development.

Ability Proved

Mr. Black was told further that even if the World Bank had doubts about the ability of some underdeveloped countries to run industrial enterprises, Israel had already proved its ability in this field.

The Government's representatives had also conveyed to Mr. Black their apprehension that part of public opinion might regard the suggestion that the enterprise be turned over to private ownership — if this were proposed as a condition for granting a loan — as an attempt to use a loan for political ends, something in which neither the Government of Israel nor the World Bank were interested.

Mr. Bentov said that Mr. Black was told that this was not to say that Israel would not make an effort to mobilize a substantial portion of the capital required to develop the Dead Sea Works in the money market here and abroad. But private capital was not only not always deterred by, but was sometimes actually interested in, a partnership with Government and public capital in enterprises in which it was about to invest.

"We hope," Mr. Bentov said, "that the World Bank will understand the reasons for preserving in this case the status of Government and public capital in the potash enterprise, and that it will aid us in expanding it. I am sure that the Bank too will be able to take pride in it as an example of a model development enterprise in whose success the Bank was instrumental."

Budget Increased

Introducing the debate on the Development Ministry's budget, the chairman of the Finance Committee, Mr. Israel Guri, announced that the budget had been increased by close to IL1m. over the original estimates.

This includes an allocation of IL100,000 for an installation to enrich phosphates by calcination and additional sums of IL75,000 for the Geophysical Institute, IL125,000 for flint clay production, and IL250,000 for an experimental installation for phosphoric acid.

It will be recalled that in presenting his Ministry's budget before the Knesset recess, Mr. Bentov complained bitterly about the cuts made by the Treasury.

Yesterday, while expressing satisfaction that the Finance Committee had convinced the Treasury to restore some of the cuts, he said the budget was still inadequate. He was happy to note that the tone of the speakers in the debate was much more friendly to the development enterprises than it had been three or four years ago.

Three Faces at the Summit

PARIS (AP). — Three gleaming, flag-bedecked limousines swept into the graveled courtyard of the Elysée Palace in Paris yesterday, and the Summit Conference began in the shadows of uncertainty.

First came the Soviet Premier, Mr. Khrushchev, his expression black as a thundercloud.

Britain's Prime Minister Macmillan followed a few moments later. His face was a mask, stony and impassive.

Finally, the sound of scattered cheers and clapping came from a street corner, a half-block away. It signalled the arrival of the U.S. President, Mr. Eisenhower.

He alone was smiling. But it looked like a fixed smile, not the bright, spontaneous outburst that long ago became the hallmark of "Ike."

Mr. Khrushchev, like President Eisenhower, came in an open car. He was sitting [illegible], not in the back but on a jump seat. There were cheers for him at the street corner, too.

The conference lasted from 11 a.m. to 1.05 p.m.

The first one to leave the meeting was Mr. Krushchev. He descended the steps of the palace and appeared to be smiling slightly. He shook hands with two or three persons at the bottom of the steps before entering his car.

The next of the Big Four to leave was Mr. Eisenhower. He was smiling broadly as he strode down the stairway. He shook hands with the French Prime Minister, M. Michel Debré. As he entered his car the smile vanished from his face, giving way to a serious expression.

Mr. Macmillan was the last out. He was unsmiling and thoughtful as he marched down the steps and got into his car.

Spaceship Top News in Moscow

LONDON (Reuter). — The Soviet spaceship-satellite, fore-runner of manned space flights, yesterday continued to circle the earth every 91 minutes for the second day in succession.

Signals from the satellite, which is flying at a height of 312 to 369 kms., were picked up in many parts of the world, and Soviet scientists reported the spaceship appeared to be flying exactly along the pre-calculated orbit.

News of the successful launching Sunday of the 4½-ton satellite carrying a dummy man in a pressurized cabin dominated the pages of "Pravda," the only newspaper appearing on Monday.

Reuter's correspondent in Moscow said the latest space project overshadowed anything else, including the Summit conference in Paris.

"Pravda" still carried a few references yesterday to protest meetings over the spy flight of the American plane which was shot down deep over the Soviet Union on May Day. Contrasts were drawn between the peaceful aims of the Soviet space experiment and the "aggressive" nature of the U.S. intrusion.

Mr. V.N. Chernigovsky, Director of the Soviet Institute of Physiology, said that physiologists working to prepare manned space flight were studying conditions governing a man's stay in a pressurised cabin, ways of protecting him from cosmic rays, and methods of feeding him.

In Sydney, Dr. S. Thornton, a specialist in long-range missiles in the computing department of the University of New South Wales, said today that the Soviet satellite could be used as a "spy plane" to collect accurate photographs and data on Western countries.

Combat Alert Drill Worries America

WASHINGTON. — The Defence Department early yesterday completed a surprise combat readiness alert for all American military commands throughout the world.

Mystery surrounded the exercise, which a Pentagon spokesman called a "communications readiness alert," which was "not supposed to attract public attention."

Word of the alert, however, spread widely and caused some cases of jitters among the civilian populace.

The Commander of the North American Air Defence Squadron based in San Diego, California, said yesterday that the squadron has been put on a continuing increased readiness alert that was not just a drill.

U.S. Navy Captain Russell Trudeau said he believed the alert had been ordered on high authority. "Things are in bad shape around the world. The situation could become serious very quickly," he said. *(AP, UPI)*

Soviet Agent Jailed In West Germany

BERLIN (Reuter). — A West German court yesterday sentenced a 32-year-old East German locksmith to eight months' imprisonment for treasonable relations with the Soviet secret service.

Justice officials said the locksmith, Heinz Loesch, had been sent to West Berlin by the Soviet secret service to establish contacts with the U.S. Secret Service there and to hand them misleading and forged spy material.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Mikhail Bodrov, arrived by Sabena last night from a seven-week home-leave.

U.K. SILENT ON AERIAL SPYING

LONDON (AP). — The Government yesterday declined to confirm or deny that it has received complaints from the Soviet Union about British aerial spying.

Mr. John Profumo, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, was asked by Labour Members in the House of Commons to say how many formal complaints on the subject have been received in the past from Moscow.

"I cannot give details of confidential communications between governments," he replied.

"Are we to deduce from that answer," asked Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, a former Minister of Defence, "that we are not guilty of the practices adopted by the U.S.?"

"I am afraid you must just accept my answer," Mr. Profumo said. "I cannot give details."

Eisenhower Calls it 'Sabotage'

PARIS (AP). The first Summit conference in five years foundered yesterday on Soviet bitterness over the U-2 incident. President Eisenhower and Premier Khrushchev traded charges with all the chill of the cold war's bleakest days.

BULLETIN:

PARIS (AP). — Prime Ministers Macmillan and Khrushchev failed last night to arrange for a further meeting of the Big Four, but the two leaders will continue their private talks today.

Macmillan's Bid To Save Parley

PARIS. — The Soviet press officer, Mr. Mikhail Kharlamov, was asked yesterday whether the Summit Conference had collapsed. He replied: "That depends on how they take it." He was referring to the Western reaction to Premier Khrushchev's speech at the opening of the Summit Conference.

Meanwhile, Prime Minister Macmillan launched a late evening round of calls on his big-four colleagues last night in an effort to breathe life into the Summit Conference.

He started with a call on President de Gaulle, then went to the U.S. Embassy residence to see President Eisenhower, and later last night met with Premier Khrushchev.

Accepted as Mediator

Mr. Macmillan was understood to have been tacitly accepted by the western powers to conduct a general sounding of the delegations to see what might be possible.

He will formally report to the Western powers this morning, when the Western Big Three have scheduled their own session.

The British leader, accompanied by Sir Patrick Reilly, who is Ambassador to Russia, went to see the Soviet Premier in the hope of convincing him that Mr. Eisenhower had met his two main demands for getting the Big Four negotiations going. The demands were that the President call off U-2 type overflights and declare publicly that this would be done.

Could Resume Talks

The British say if Mr. Khrushchev would accept Mr. Eisenhower's public cancellation of U.S. flights over Russia as a gesture, he could resume the Summit meetings and put himself in a good light with public opinion.

But one report said most Western officials considered that the best that could now be hoped for would be an agreement, to be reached possibly this morning, to adjourn the Summit until early next year.

The one engagement which was to have brought the Big Four leaders together today — a lunch with President de Gaulle as host — was cancelled. *(UPI, AP, Reuter)*

Zverev Resigns As Soviet Finance Chief

LONDON (AP). — Moscow Radio last night announced the resignation of Mr. Arseni Zverev as Soviet Minister of Finance.

The 60-year-old veteran Communist, a powerhouse of Soviet economics for more than 20 years, stepped down "for reasons of health," the broadcast said.

His successor was named as Mr. Vasily Garbuzov, former Deputy Minister.

Each accused the other of torpedoing the session.

There was only a glimmer of hope last night that Mr. Eisenhower and Mr. Khrushchev might be reconciled sufficiently to permit continuance of the Big Four meeting, called to consider the major issues menacing world peace.

At the opening meeting of the conference Mr. Khrushchev tensely refused to negotiate with the U.S. Chief Executive unless the President apologized for the flight of the intelligence plane shot down May 1 over the Soviet Union.

He withdrew his invitation to Mr. Eisenhower to visit Moscow June 10, saying the Russians might not now be able "to receive the President with proper cordiality."

Wants Postponement

The Soviet Premier also called for a delay of six or eight months in the Big Four sessions — a delay which would convene it near or beyond the end of Mr. Eisenhower's second four-year term.

Stating that he believed "President Eisenhower and the American people will understand me correctly," he added:

"The Soviet Government declares that, on its side it will do everything possible, in the future as well, to contribute to international relaxation, to the solution of problems which still separate us today. In doing so, we shall guide ourselves by the interest of the progress of the great cause of peace on the basis of peaceful coexistence of the states having different social systems."

President Eisenhower grimly accused Mr. Khrushchev of coming to Paris armed with an ultimatum and with "the sole intention of sabotaging this meeting, on which so much of the hopes of the world have rested." But in a surprise turn in U.S. policy, he promised there would be no more U.S. spy flights over the Soviet Union, but announced he came to Paris to seek agreements to end all forms of espionage.

To Approach U.N.

He said if it proved impossible to come to grips here with that and other issues threatening world peace, he planned to submit to the United Nations soon a proposal for creation of a U.N. aerial surveillance to detect preparations for attack.

The President offered Mr. Khrushchev private bilateral talks to save the conference.

A meeting which was to have dealt with tension threatening the very existence of civilization never really got under way. Indeed, a Soviet spokesman denied that yesterday's gathering of Premier Khrushchev, President Eisenhower, President de Gaulle and Prime Minister Macmillan was a Summit meeting at all.

"The meeting never be-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Cairo Opens 'Israel Spy Trial'

CAIRO (Reuter). — A 67-year-old Dutchman told the Supreme State Security Court here yesterday that he had photographed fortifications in the UAR and had written reports on them for Israel Intelligence in invisible ink.

Meewis Goudsward was answering questions put by the presiding judge at the start of his trial, the first of six arising from the alleged discovery of Israel spy rings. On trial with him are two Italians.

The indictment, read before a packed courtroom, accused the three men of communicating with foreign quarters for espionage purposes, betraying defence secrets, criminal complicity with a foreign organization, and committing such acts, and organizing secret methods of communication with the enemy to pass on state secrets.

The indictment asked for the punishment of all three accused according to articles 77, 78 and 80 of the Egyptian penal code which provides for the death penalty.

Goudsward, answering the judge's questions, admitted he took pictures of coastal fortifications at Alexandria and sent reports to Israel Intelligence about them in invisible ink.

He told the court he had regretted his actions and, after his arrest, had agreed to help UAR authorities and had contacted Israeli Intelligence with his secret wireless. He said: "I hoped after this to be released."

Goudsward said he had been recruited into the "Israel spy network" by the Israel Vice-Consul when he visited Amsterdam in 1957 before coming to Alexandria.

Goudsward identified as his own a secret wireless set, an invisible-ink bottle, radio transmitter and a camera found by police at his home.

The court adjourned until today.

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Social & Personal

The Minister of Chile, Mr. C. G. de la Huerta, accompanied by Professor Manuel Eduardo Hubner, of Chile, on Sunday visited the Weizmann Institute of Science.

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A reception for the Austrian Ambassador and Mrs. E. Lugmayer was given last night by the Austrian Consul in Haifa and Mrs. L.L. Gottesman at their home. Earlier they were received at the Town Hall, toured city museums, and lunched at the Fertilizers and Chemicals plant.

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The Chief Rabbi and Mrs. Y. Nissim on Sunday entertained to dinner the Governor of the Bank of Israel and Mrs. David Horowitz; Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Wolfson; the Deputy Minister of Interior and Mrs. Y.S. Ben-Meir; Mr. and Mrs. N. Williams; Mr. and Mrs. S. Toussia-Cohen; and the Executive Director of Heichal Shlomo, Mr. M. Jaffe.

Rabbi Nissim yesterday received Rabbi I.M. Levin, M.K., and Rabbi S. Lorincz, M.K., and Rabbi M. Porush.

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Judge Justine Wise-Polier, Honorary President of the American Jewish Congress, yesterday visited Yad Vashem and was received by Dr. A.L. Kubovy, the Chairman. Other visitors included Mr. Gunnar Josephson, President of the Jewish community of Stockholm, and Messrs. Sam Mallah and Elias Teubabal, Presidents of the Buenos Aires Sephardi communities.

Judge Wise-Polier was the luncheon guest of Prof. A. Tartakower, Chairman of the W.J.C. Israel Executive. Among the guests were Dr. H. Yahil, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, and Dr. L. Bernstein and Mrs. S. Kolitz, of the W.J.C.

Judge Wise-Polier was later received by Mayor M. Ish-Shalom of Jerusalem.

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A party to mark the 70th birthday of Mr. Yoseph Baratz of Degania Aleph was given yesterday by the Soldiers' Welfare Committee, of which he is Chairman, at the Soldiers House in Tel Aviv.

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Mr. and Mrs. William Meyers, of Providence, R.I. visited the offices of the Jewish Agency on Friday and were received by the Secretary-General, Mr. Moshe Rivlin. On Saturday they were entertained to tea by Dr. Dov Joseph, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, and Mrs. Joseph.

Mr. and Mrs. James Zallen visited the offices of the Jewish Agency on Sunday and were received by the Secretary-General, Mr. Moshe Rivlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Max Feinberg visited the offices of the Jewish Agency on Sunday, and were received by the Director-General, Dr. Moshe Avidor.

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Mr. A. E. Ambrose, local director of the Barclays Bank D.C.O., and his successor, Mr. E.C.A. Roberts, will be the guests of honour and speakers at a luncheon of the Anglo-Israel Chamber of Commerce, Tel Aviv, to take place at 1.15 p.m. today at the Z.O.A. House, Tel Aviv.

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Lectures on tax and national insurance policies will be given by the Deputy Director of Inland Revenue, Mr. A. Ariely; the Director-General of the National Insurance Institute, Dr. G. Lotan, and by Mr. Idov Cohen, member of the Knesset Finance Committee, at a meeting to be held under the auspices of the Progressive Party in Jerusalem at its headquarters in the Ron Cinema building at 8 p.m. tonight.

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Tuberculosis and health will be the topic of "The Citizen Wants to Know" programme at Beit Haezrah in Ramat Gan at 8 p.m. tonight.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY

ARRIVALS: El Al [illegible] from New York and Paris—[illegible]. T.W.A. 800 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens — 1825. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens — [illegible]. Air France 132 from Paris, Rome and Athens — [illegible]. El Al 424 from Brussels and Zurich — [illegible] (Wednesday).

DEPARTURES: Alitalia [illegible] to Rome — [illegible]. El Al [illegible] to Zurich and Brussels — [illegible]. Cyprus Air. [illegible] to Nicosia, Ankara, Istanbul, Rome and London — [illegible]. Olympic [illegible] to Athens — [illegible]. K.L.M. [illegible] to Munich and Amsterdam — 1100. El Al [illegible] to Rome, Paris and New York — [illegible]. Cyprus Air [illegible] to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London — [illegible].

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[illegible]

Mapai to Rule On Israel-WZO Issue

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV. — The Mapai Central Committee is expected to formulate clear instructions to the party's representatives at next December's Zionist Congress on the issue of relations between Israel and the Zionist movement in the Diaspora. A seven-hour Committee debate is scheduled for Thursday, when Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., is to deliver the opening address and Prime Minister Ben-Gurion is expected to present an opposing view.

A decision is expected to be taken by a majority vote and will be binding on the party.

The issue, as debated in the press over the years, is for the Zionist movement virtually one of "to be, or not to be." Mr. Ben-Gurion has all along maintained that since the establishment of the State there is no need for a Zionist organization abroad — that all Jews support the State of Israel, and that those who are Zionists come and settle here. The President of the Zionist Organization, Dr. Nahum Goldmann, and the majority of Mapai leaders, hold the view that a strong Zionist organization is as necessary today as it was before the State was established.

When Mr. Meir Argov, Chairman of the Knesset Security and Foreign Affairs Committee, was several months ago appointed to head the Mapai-affiliated Ihud Poalei Zion group at the Zionist Congress, he made it clear he would accept the post only if his party stated unequivocally that it wished the Zionist organization to continue. The party convention, which met here earlier this year, resolved in general terms to uphold the Zionist Movement.

Unless a sudden switch is made by a large number of Mapai leaders, it seems a foregone conclusion that Mr. Ben-Gurion will be in the minority. The proceedings at the Central Committee are closed to the press, but a detailed account is expected to be released after the meeting.

TOUR. — Queen Elizabeth and the Duke of Edinburgh are to visit Ghana, Sierra Leone and the Gambia in November next year.

'Junior High School' For Jerusalem Mooted

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The establishment of a "junior high school" in Jerusalem for 600 eighth-graders who are to finish elementary school this summer and who cannot find places in the city's crowded high schools has been proposed by Mr. Moshe Gevirtzman, Deputy Mayor, head of the Education Department.

None of these pupils qualified for higher education under the Ministry of Education's graded tuition project.

Mr. Gevirtzman said that they would attend the junior high school for two years. Then they would be re-examined for eligibility to continue studies in a regular high school.

Semi-Segregated Pool at 'Holyland'

A "semi-segregated" swimming pool is to be opened at the Holyland Hotel in Jerusalem at the beginning of July.

There will be separate bathing hours for men and women, as well as certain periods when mixed bathing will be permitted. The pool, which is 10 metres by 20 metres, will be open only to persons staying at the Hotel and their guests.

RAIN-MAKERS. — Scientists in the Caucasus have produced rain artificially with sound waves, Moscow Radio reports. Sound waves were produced by powerful generators and directed against the clouds, resulting in "very heavy rain," the report said.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Reznik, 15 Gaza Rd., [illegible].
TEL AVIV: Schwartz, 17 Allenby, 24852. Nordau, 153 Ben Yehuda, 23572. Yehuda Halevi, 81 Yehuda Halevi, 65159. Frankel, 28 King George, opp. Gan Meir, 23721. **JAFFA:** Galnika, 19 Yefet (4), 83428. **RAMAT YITZHAK:** Yisrael, Shikun Herut, 34 Tel Hai, 72300. **HERZLIYA:** Carmi. **PETAH TIKVA:** Aguda, 7 Stampfer. **NATANYA:** Hanassi. **REHOVOT:** Barak, 150 Herzl, [illegible]. **HOLON:** Tikva, Kikar Struma. **HAIFA:** Hamizrach, 67 Herzl, [illegible].

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. [illegible], 21 Ramban, 4198. Dr. Sefter, Mahane Allenby, 28/Bet Maon Academaim. Dr. Shor, 48 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 22768. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman. Dr. Har-Even, 35 Sheinkin, 25411. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 51360.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

[illegible], 356.4, 340 & 290 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.00, 7.00 and 7.58 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.

English: 2.00 p.m. French: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.10 Musical Clock (R). 6.58 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Popular Concert: Bizet: Farandole; Chausson: Poeme for Violin and Orchestra, (Soloist: Jascha Heifetz); Tchaikowsky: Symphony No. 1 in G-minor, opus 13. 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Little Concert. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where to Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 Special Foreign Language Programme. 5.05 Programme Announcements on Commercial Wavelength. 5.06 Popular Concert: Auber: Overture "Fra Diabolo"; Haydn: Symphony No. 45 in F-sharp minor; Elgar: Elegy, opus 58. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Hebrew Songs. 6.40 "The World of Science" — weekly ed. by Dr. N. Sharon & Dr. I. Michaeli, presented by Y. Targuin. 7.30 Request Programme. 7.50 "Parents & Children." 8.30 "As to my Choice" — ed. by Y. Arieh. 8.50 Bible Reading: T'hilim chaps. 35 & 36. 9.10 Talk by M. Medzini. 9.15 Concert by the Kol Yisrael Orchestra: with "La Maitrise" de la R.T.F. Conductor: Jacques Besson. Monteverdi: Sonata sopra Sancta Maria; Charpentier: Magnificat; Chabrier: Ode a la Musique — Intermission — Alexander Tansmann: Prologue et Cantate: Daniel Lesur: "Cantique des Colonnes" 11.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

[illegible] M.

Commercial Programmes: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcement. 5.07 Melodies. 5.35 Sports. 5.45 "I, the instrument". 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.01 New Records. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen — Sketch. 6.45 Star of the Evening. 7.00 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Mograbit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 "Science Studio." 10.15 Readings from Plays. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME

[illegible] M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 215 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Commentary. 10.30 Shepherd Songs.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Commentary on the News. 7.00 Tune of the Week. 7.05 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 335 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.40 Songs. 6.58 Announcements. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Star of the Evening." 7.25 Musical Bag. 7.55 Readings in the Haftara of the Week by A. Gurewitz. 8.00 "Army's Diary." 8.15 "Pleasant Tune." 8.30 Musical Miniatures. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Soldier's Library." 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.22, 16.12, 19.46 & 16.88 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News. UN in Action on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News. Press Opinion USA on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News. News Analysis. Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 M. and 238 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News. Press Opinion USA on 13, 19 and 31 M. 3.00 p.m. News. Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 19 M. 4.00 News. News Analysis. Women and the World on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News Analysis. Report to Middle East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 6.00 News. Women and the World on 11, 13, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News. Report to Middle East on 13, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Youth Speaks on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News. Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Forum on 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 News in Special English. Music USA on 25 M. 11.00 News. News Analysis. Commentators' Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 11.30 Forum on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 12.00 News. News Analysis. Commentators' Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION. — English Programme (404 & 400 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Confidence Man. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King, his Piano and Orchestra. 10.30 Ted Heath and his Music. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Pursuit. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 12.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 3.30 Satellite Seven: A Science Adventure. 6.45 The Lenitis Programme. 7.15 Counterfeit. 10.00 Strange Last Words. 10.15 Stars of Song. [illegible]

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LIMA BEANS
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President Receives U.J.A. Delegation

The Tri-State Region U.J.A. delegation from Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia was received by President Itzhak Ben-Zvi on Monday at Beit Hanassi. The group was headed by Governor David Lawrence, of Pennsylvania, the Honorary President of the U.J.A. region.

The Governor, who was presented to the President by Dr. Dov Joseph, Treasurer of the Jewish Agency, earlier spent half an hour in private conversation with Mr. Ben-Zvi and Dr. Joseph.

Following the President's reception, a briefing on Jewish Agency projects financed in part through U.J.A. funds was given for the group of 40 leaders by Mr. Moshe Rivlin, General Secretary of the Jewish Agency.

Members of the group, in addition to Governor and Mrs. Lawrence, include: Mr. Jack Angerman, and Rabbi Robert Nabb, McKeesport, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. M.A. Berman and Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. Bernstein, Butler, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Davidson, Ambridge, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. William David, Greensburg, Pa.; Dr. and Mrs. Milton J. Eber, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jackson, Aliquippa, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Jack Farkas, Beaver, Pa.; Dr. and Mrs. Alan Fisher, East Liverpool, Ohio; Mr. and Mrs. Morris Frank, Uniontown, Pa.; Mr. Benjamin Goldfarb, Blairsville, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Max L. Horne, Wheeling, W. Va.; Mr. Abraham Pete, and Mr. and Mrs. Isador Spielman, Punxsutawney, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs Milton Redlick, Jeannette, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Louis [illegible], Mr. and Mrs. Charles Silver, and Miss [illegible], Mr. Max Unger, Mrs. [illegible], and Mrs. Max Unger, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Dr. [illegible], Vandergrift, Pa.; Mr. and Mrs. Sam Silverstein, Charleston, W. Va.; and Mr. [illegible] Klein.

Survives Fever Of 43 Degrees

SAN FRANCISCO (Reuter). — The case of a man who survived a fever of at least 43 degrees during a collapse from sunstroke, but was saved by quick immersion in a bath-tub of ice, is reported in the latest issue of "California Medicine," Journal of the California Medical Association.

Dr. M. P. Ajalat reported that the patient was a 34-year-old Mexican crop worker who was labouring in the fields near Calexico, California, last summer while the temperature was 48 in the shade.

He was rushed to a nearby hospital when he collapsed, and the mercury in three different thermometers hit the top of the tube at 43 degrees when his temperature was taken.

Until now, there was no medical record of anyone ever surviving a fever higher than 41 degrees, Dr. Ajalat said.

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JERUSALEM

• Film Show:—
Israel films — daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon-1 p.m.

• Tours:—
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4661, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily, Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, Hebrew University Campus.
Yad Vashem — Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron — Conducted tours (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.

• Exhibitions:—
Artists House: International Travel Posters, 1960 Spring Exhibition of Jerusalem Artists, 10-1, 4-7.
Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 63727. Est. 1935. 9-1, 5-7. Friday 9-2. Paintings by Mach, Stern, Ben Shaul, Aschheim, Holzman, Kossonoghi, Sinnger, Pins, Dror and Levanon. All purchases mailed upon request.
Rina Gallery, 18 Princess Mary Ave., Exhibition of oils and gouaches by Alima. Upper Gallery: Group Exhibition of the significant artists of Israel. Daily: 10-1, 4-7.
"Israel Today" — permanent Exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma. 10-1; 4-8.
Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 35 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Hours: 9-1, 5-8; Fridays 9-1; Saturdays and Holidays 10-1; Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities from the Neolithic to the Byzantine Periods. Temporary Exhibition: Recent Excavations at Tel Mor, Beit Shean and Tel 'Eli.

• Bezalel National Museum:—
Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Primitive Art. Jewish Artists of the Ecole de Paris. Museum's collection. Jacob Pins, Woodcuts. Oil paintings by Hanna Ben-Dov. Engravings by Cecile Rheims — Museum Collection. 9-1, 3-6.
Bezalel Art Library: "Flowers in modern painting," Books — new acquisitions 9-1, 3.30-6.

• Zoo:—
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 9-6.

TEL AVIV

• Dance Theatre:—
Inbal, selected programme, Mograbi, 8.30.

• Circus:—
Warsaw Circus on Kikar Malchei Yisrael, 4.30, 8.30. Last four days.

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "Uncle Vanya," 8.30.
Cameri: "Twelfth Night," 8.30.
Ohel: "Known in Public," 8.30. Newly installed air-conditioning.

• Israel National Opera:—
"Faust," 8.30.

• Dine and Dance:—
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 22972.
Galei Gondola Restaurant, for gourmets. 37 Rehov Pinsker. 10 a.m.-3 p.m. Tel. 28700.
New Atom Bar, 17 Ben Yehuda. Nightly programme with the famous singer Jacomo Villa.

• Tourist Service:—
Visit Hadassah Club, 80 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 25289.
Wizo Club, 81 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26826. 8 a.m.-3 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens:—
Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions:—
Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.
Art Gallery, Artists House, Beit Hamlin, 10-1; 4-7.
Oil paintings by Rilov, Artists Pavilion, 9 Alharizi, 10-1, 4-7.

• Tel Aviv Museum:—
a) Dizengoff House: Six Safad painters and sculptors (I. Awret, A. Awret, St. Alexander, H. Levi, A. Priwat, H. Schwarz). — Etchings, lithographs, woodcuts by Edvard Munch (on loan by the Norwegian Government). 10-1, 4-7.
b) Rubinstein Pavilion: Recent paintings by Yehezkel Streichman — The Museum's collection of Israel artists, 10-1, 4-7.

• Z.O.A. House:—
Tourist Service, 9 a.m.-9 p.m.

• Z.O.A. House:—
Tourist Service, 9 a.m.-9 p.m. "The Ingathering of the Exiles" — Batia Gordon's exhibition, 9 a.m.-9 p.m.

• Tours:—
Moetzet Hapoalot-Pioneer Women tour daily from Sunday to Wednesday 9 a.m. from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 93 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv. Tel. 21211.

HAIFA

• Theatre:—
Le Theatre de France: Madeleine Renaud and Jean-Louis Barrault Company, "Le Misanthrope," Armon, single performance, 9.

• Tourist Centre:—
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 32 Hehalutz. Tel. 4876, 67565.

• Exhibition:—
Portraits by S. Lamm, Artists House, 24 U.N.O. Ave., daily except Fridays, 10-1, 4-7. Closing tonight.

• Lecture:—
Golden Age Club, Ludwig Wechsler on "Journey to the Greek Islands" (colour slides), Rothschild Community Centre, 4.30. Guests welcome.
African Art, Samuel Dubiner's collection, Municipal Museum of Modern Art: City Hall, 10-1, 4-7.

KIRYAT HAIM

• Theatre:—
Habimah: "12 Angry Men." 8.30

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LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post May 17, 1960

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court of Civil Appeals
Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Sussman and Witkon

Moshe Levin, Appellant, v. Rehovot Municipality and Others, Respondents (C.A. [illegible]/59).

Order to Pay from Special Fund not Negotiable

The Supreme Court dismissed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on July [illegible], 1959 (in C.C. 2344/57).

In return for some work which Mr. David Pritzker, an engineer, had done for them, the Rehovot Municipal Council gave him a letter addressed to the [illegible] Bank and authorising them to pay him, or to his order, the sum of IL.3341 from the fund of IL.15,000 due to be deposited in the Bank for their use by the Treasury.

Mr. Pritzker handed this letter over to Mr. Levin, the appellant, in exchange for IL.[illegible] cash, after appending a note to it authorising the Bank to pay the sum mentioned therein to him. Mr Levin tried in vain to get the money from the bank before he went to America in July 1955. Immediately after his departure Mr. Pritzker demanded payment of the IL.3341 directly from the Rehovot Municipality who acceded to his demands. When, however, they asked for the return of the letter Mr. Pritzker claimed that he had lost it.

Mr. Levin returned from America a year later and sued the Rehovot Municipality for the IL.3341 on the strength of the letter in his possession. He argued, first, that the letter constituted a cheque which had been negotiated to him and the signees were thus liable on it; and, alternatively, that there had been such negligence on the part of the Rehovot Municipality as entitled him to compensation for his losses.

Judge Kennet of the District Court dismissed both arguments, holding that the letter is not a cheque in accordance with section 3(c) of the Bills of Exchange Ordinance, and that negligence in connection with a document does not constitute a civil wrong.

Section 3(c) of the Bills of Exchange Ordinance provides, amongst other things, that a bill of exchange is an unconditional order in writing requiring the person to whom it is addressed to pay a certain sum to or to the order of a specified person; while section 3(3) specifies that an order to pay out of a particular fund is not unconditional within the meaning of section 3, whereas an unqualified order to pay coupled with an indication of the fund out of which the drawee is to reimburse himself or of a particular account to be debited with the amount, is unconditional.

Mr. Levin appealed against the District Court decision. Mr. U. Makov appeared for the appellant and Mr. Z. [illegible] for the respondents.

Judgment

Justice Sussman, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, first considered the argument that the letter in question is a cheque and hence subject to the rules of negotiability. In agreeing with the District Court that the wording of the letter disqualified it from being a negotiable instrument, he pointed out that the fact that an order to pay is not written on a special cheque form is in itself of no significance as the Bills of Exchange Ordinance does not stipulate that cheques must be written on certain forms. The Ordinance does stipulate, however, he continued, that a bill of exchange must be an unconditional order to pay and section 3 (3) must be construed as meaning that when the signee of the bill specifies that it should be paid only if a particular fund in the charge of the person to whom the order to pay is addressed is sufficient to cover it, then the order is not unconditional, in contrast to the case when the order to pay authorises a person to pay a certain sum whether he has enough of the signee's money with which to pay or not — i.e. authorises a person to give the signee credit (see 1918, 2 K.B. 623).

In the case under consideration, held Justice Sussman, the respondents had clearly indicated that they wished the bank to pay the sum in question only if the IL.15,000 fund be deposited with them by the Treasury, and not otherwise. Their order was, therefore, not unconditional and could not be regarded as a bill of exchange and so subject to the principles of negotiability.

The appellant's argument, continued Justice Sussman, that the fact that the letter contains the words, "to Pritzker or to his order," makes it a negotiable instrument, is untenable. For the class of negotiable instruments is strictly limited and cannot be augmented by a mere stroke of the pen. This does not mean, he continued, that the words "or to his order" have no legal significance. On the contrary, they would provide a defence for the respondents in the event that they had, for example, paid the money in question to the appellant and Mr. Pritzker had afterwards claimed it himself. In short, they indicate that Pritzker was entitled to transfer his rights to another; but that, in the absence of the property of negotiability, the rights thus acquired by the transferee are no better than those held by Pritzker himself. As Pritzker had already been paid by the respondents he had, therefore, no rights left to transfer and the appellant thus received none (see Crouch v. Credit Foncier, 1873, 8 L.R. [illegible]).

Turning next to the question of negligence on the part of the respondents, Justice Sussman said that the District Court had dismissed this claim on the grounds that in accordance with the English law of tort negligent misrepresentation cannot serve as a basis for a claim in tort when the damage caused is pecuniary only. He wished to remark, in passing, he continued, that the appellant's Counsel had failed to point out to the District Court that the Supreme Court had already held that this English principle does not apply in Israel (see Motion 106/54, P.D. 8/1217). However, he held, the argument that there had been negligence on the part of the respondents would not hold water in any case. For a plaintiff who alleges negligent misrepresentation must prove, first and foremost, that the misrepresentation was a factual one. In the case under consideration, however, there is no doubt whatsoever that when the respondents gave the letter in question to Pritzker they had every intention that the sum mentioned therein be paid to Pritzker or to his order. Furthermore, it was not the respondent's letter which misled the appellant but his ignorance of the law and hence his mistaken impression that he was acquiring independent rights against them. Even, continued Justice Sussman, when the respondents paid Pritzker the sum they owed him without ensuring the return of their letter, they had not committed any breach of duty towards the appellant. For their obligation had been to Pritzker only and although it might have been desirable for administrative reasons to demand the return of their letter, they had not been in duty bound to do so. On the other hand, the appellant should have informed the respondents that Pritzker had transferred the letter to him and would thus have prevented his own loss.

Finally, concluded Justice Sussman, there had in any case been no causal connection between the damage done to the appellant and the payment of the money to Pritzker. For if the letter had been a negotiable instrument and if the appellant had informed the respondents that their debt had been transferred to him, as required by the Debt Assignment Ordinance, he could have successfully claimed from the respondents despite the fact that the letter had already paid Pritzker. In the absence, however, of the special fund mentioned in the letter, it did not even vest Pritzker himself with any rights, and he had finally collected his money on the strength of the work he had done for the respondents and not on the strength of the letter they had given him.

The appeal was dismissed with IL.[illegible] costs.

Judgment given on April 26, 1960.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

ARNON: Pillow Talk.
EDEN: The Angry Hills.
EDISON: Rapt.
JERUSALEM: The Hanging Tree.
OR-GIL: [illegible]
ORION: A Dog of Flanders.
ORNA: [illegible]
RON: Wien du Stadt Meiner Traeume.
SEMADAR: Ivan the Terrible.
STUDIO: Separate Tables.
TEL-OR: The Glass Tower.
ZION HALL: The Hangman.

TEL AVIV

ALLENBY: Girls in Uniform.
ARMON DAVID: Les Nuits de Lucrece Borgia.
CHEN: Solomon and Sheba.
EDEN: [illegible]
ESTHER: It Started with a Kiss.
GAT: To Dorothy a Son.
HOD: Montmartre 125.
MAXIM: Carry On, Nurse.
MIGDALOR: The Scapegoat.
MOGRABI: Suddenly, Last Summer.
OPHIR: Carmen la Fille de Granada.
ORION: Les Rats.
PARIS: Les Enfants du Paradis.
PEER: A Question of Adultery.
RAMAT GAN: Story on Page One.
SHDEROTH: Room at the Top.
TAMAR: "...y Despues del Cuple."
TCHELET: The Law.
YARON: The Testament of Mr. Cordelier.
ZAFON: Tiger Bay.
ZAMIR: Die Halbstarke.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: Sink the Bismarck.
ARMON: Ascenseur pour l'Echafaud.
ATZMON: The Naked Maja.
EN DOR: Tip on a Dead Jockey.
GAL OR: Valerie.
MAY: Nella Citta l'Inferno.
MIRON: The Mating Game.
MORIAH: Auntie Mame.
ORAH: Le Joueur.
ORION: Battle Taxi.
ORLY: [illegible]
PEER: Babette Goes to War.
TAMAR: The World, the Flesh and the Devil.

THE HAIFA SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
Performances in May
TIVON: Yuval-Or Hall
Wednesday, May 18, 1960
9 p.m.
Conductor:
SERGIU COMISSIONA
Soloist:
BENNO RABINOF
(violin) from the U.S.A.
PROGRAMME:
Mozart—Overture to "Don Giovanni";
Mendelssohn—Violin Concerto;
Tchaikovsky—Violin Concerto;
Strauss—Overture to "Fledermaus".
Tickets at Yuval-Or.
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SILVIA RABINOF
(piano)
PROGRAMME:
Mozart;
Beethoven: Piano Concerto No. 4;
Mendelssohn: Violin Concerto;
Strauss.
★
HAIFA: Rothschild Hall, Mt. Carmel
SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT No. 6
Sunday, May 22, 1960
9 p.m.
PROGRAMME:
Mozart, Beethoven, Tchaikovsky, Strauss.
★
AFULA
SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT No. 5
Monday, May 23, 1960
9 p.m.
Soloist:
BENNO RABINOF
(violin)
★
SAFAD: Tali Cinema
Wednesday, May 25, 1960
9 p.m.
Soloist:
BENNO RABINOF
(violin)
★
GEVA CARMEL:
Beit Ha'am
Hof Hacarmel Local Council jointly with Information Centre
Thursday, May 26, 1960
9 p.m.

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Tickets on the night of the performance at the Z.O.A. Box Office only.

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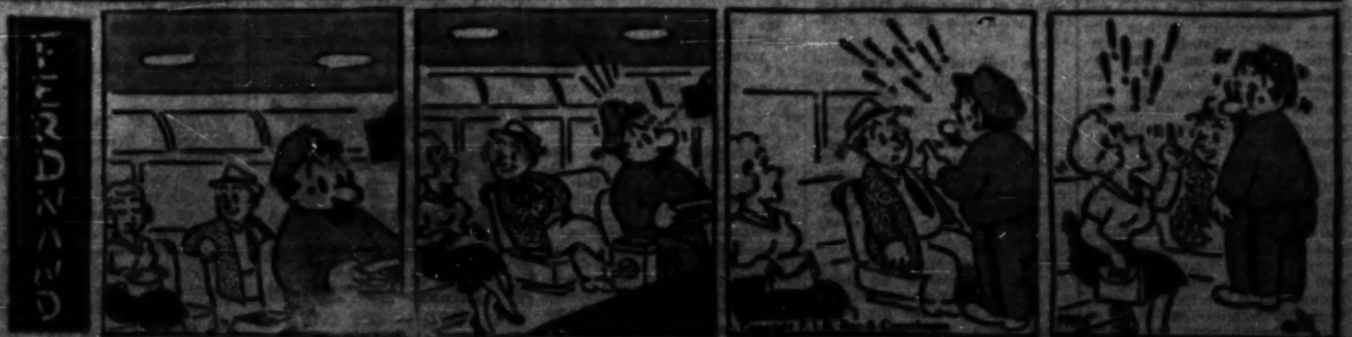

Today's Postbag

The Weather

FORECAST: Fair. [illegible] high pressure [illegible] over the East Mediterranean.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tiberias	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Haifa Port	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tel Aviv Shore	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Tel Aviv Port	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lydda Airport	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Jerusalem	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Beersheba	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eilat	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ARRIVALS

Mr. Netan'el Lorch, Chargé d'Affaires of the Israel Legation in Colombia, with his family, on completion of his tour of duty there (by El Al).

Mr. Albert Levin, cabinet member of the U.J.A., from Cleveland, for a week's stay.

Dr. Meir Yoval, Director of the Hadassah-J.D.C. hospitals at Mahane Yisrael and [illegible], and Mrs. Yoval, from the U.S. after a year of research at the Jewish Memorial Hospital, Boston.

Mr. Irving Brower, Chairman of the [illegible] Campaign in Paterson, N.J.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Friend and Mrs. [illegible], of San Francisco, California; Mr. and Mrs. Jules Levinstein and Mr. and Mrs. Herman Levin, of Chicago, Illinois — all under the auspices of the Bond Organization.

Mr. Morris Hellman, Vice-President of the Mt. Zion Hospital and regional governor of the Association of Stock Exchange Firms, and Mrs. Hellman, of San Francisco, under the auspices of the U.J.A.

Mr. [illegible], head of the Turkish State Sugar Industry Union, accompanied by Mr. Reuven Ben-[illegible], Israel Commercial Attaché in Ankara, in connection with the import of sugar from Turkey (by El Al).

Mr. Avraham Harzfeld, M.K., from missions to the U.S. and Argentina on behalf of the J.N.F. (by El Al).

Prof. Joseph Landa, Professor of Dentistry at the New York University, from Istanbul, for a five-week visit during which he will lecture at the School of Dentistry in Jerusalem (by El Al).

DEPARTURES

Dr. E. Weber, Postmaster-General of Switzerland, after a week's visit as guest of the Ministry of Posts (for [illegible]).

Mr. B. [illegible], Manager of Lydda Airport, for London, to take up his post there as head of the Israel Government Tourist Office.

Mr. [illegible] Bar-[illegible], Administrative Director of Bar-Ilan University, for London and New York (by El Al).

Mr. Y. Levy, Assistant Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, for London and New York (by El Al).

REGISTRATION for school summer camps (kaitanot) sponsored by the Ministry of Education will commence on May 31 and continue until June 24. The camps will open on July 7, and close on August 4.

• • •

THE SECOND shift at the Berl Katznelson School, near the Schneller Compound in Jerusalem, was eliminated on Monday when four new classrooms were opened for use on the second storey.

• • •

THE CORNERSTONE was laid yesterday afternoon for an old folks' home, being built by the Central European Settlers' Association, between Rehov Hatishbi and Rehov Leonardo da Vinci, on Mt. Carmel.

New Chief Appointed To Q/M Branch

Aluf-Mishne Moshe Goren has been appointed Chief of the Quartermaster Branch, the Israel Army spokesman announced last night. His appointment took effect from last Thursday.

He replaces Aluf Meir Zorea, who has retired after serving for six years.

A/M Goren, 39, was born in Poland and came here in 1934. Graduating from secondary school in 1940, he joined Hagana the following year, when he passed an N.C.O.'s course and became a platoon commander in 1942. He was chiefly engaged in administrative and instructional duties in Hagana. In 1954 he graduated from the Staff College in France. He is married and is the father of two children.

SHLOMO DORI DIES AT 58

HAIFA. — The death occurred here yesterday at the age of 58 of Shlomo Dori, a veteran architect. He was the brother of Rav-Aluf Ya'acov Dori, the President of the Technion. He leaves a wife and two sons.

The funeral will leave at noon today from the Rambam hospital.

COMMEMORATION OF FALL OF OLD CITY

The Minister for Religious Affairs, Rabbi Y.M. Toledano, the Director-General of the Ministry, Dr. S.Z. Kahana, and former residents of the Old City yesterday participated in a service on Mt. Zion in commemoration of the fall of the Old City of Jerusalem 12 years ago.

EX-MANDATE OFFICIAL W.R. McGEAGH, AT 60

The death occurred recently at Hendaye, Southern France, of Mr. W. R. McGeagh, 60, who was Assistant District Commissioner of Jerusalem and District Commissioner of Gaza and later of Tel Aviv-Jaffa, under the Mandatory Government. He acted as Special Commissioner in effecting a financial settlement between the State of Israel and the British Government. He is survived by his wife and daughter.

Controller Finds:

Potash Works Make Good Progress

POST Economic Reporter

The Dead Sea Potash Works made satisfactory progress during the years 1957 to 1959, according to a report issued yesterday by the State Controller.

The report gives credit for the progress to the technological improvements introduced and to the increase in production, which has lowered unit production costs.

During 1958/59, the Company was able to set aside a sum of IL.3.7m. to cover depreciation and part of the initial IL.15m. for running-in and reconstruction laid out after the War of Independence. The Company still has some IL.25m. in Government loans on its books, and the Report suggests that it should be relieved of interest payments on the first IL.15m. and that the Government should consider converting the remainder into shares.

Potash production in 1957/58 totalled 78,600 tons (10,600 exported), rising to 105,105 tons in 1958/59 (12,760 exported). The export price per ton in 1958/59, including the premium on the added value, was IL.79.80 per ton, as compared with IL.73.15 fetched on the local market.

Between 1953-59, the Company has exported 208,130 tons of potash to earn approximately $12m. British and Italian firms were the biggest customers buying 75,700 tons and 68,365 tons respectively.

'Officials Should Have Judicial Approach'

Civil servants with broad powers should exercise a quasi-judicial approach in their work, since the High Court's powers are restricted. When the law leaves matters to the judgement of a high Government official, the High Court may intervene only in exceptional cases.

This was stated yesterday by the President of the Supreme Court, Justice Olshan, at a ceremony held in the courthouse in Jerusalem at which 75 new lawyers were called to the bar.

Justice Olshan said that the basic ethic of the legal profession might be briefly stated as: "You are not obliged to do for a client something which, as an honest man, you would not do for yourself." Public trust in lawyers is, in a certain sense, no less important than public trust in the courts, he added. (Itim)

Curzon Appearing With IPO Tonight

TEL AVIV. — Clifford Curzon, the leading British pianist, will give his first concert here tonight with the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra when he plays the Brahms Piano Concerto No. 2.

Mr. Curzon is to spend three weeks with the I.P.O. for a series of concerts under the baton of Paul Paray, and will give a solo recital here on June 4.

He is here with his wife, a former harpsichordist, and his manager, Mrs. Emmie Tillett.

Born in London in 1907, Curzon, at 16, was the youngest student ever to enter the Royal Academy of Music. Since the end of World War II he has made highly successful tours of the U.S. and has appeared with the world's leading orchestras.

Changes Needed In Hadera's Account System

The administrative faults in the Hadera Municipality's affairs is the result of the unsuitable accounting system and organizational and managerial difficulties, the spokesman of the Ministry of Interior said in Jerusalem yesterday.

He made the statement after a meeting held at the office of the Deputy Minister, Dr. I.S. Ben-Meir, which was also attended by the Director-General, Mr. M. Silverstone, Mayor Y. Widerzker, of Hadera, Municipality members, and senior officials of the Ministry's Division for Municipalities and Local Councils.

It was stated that the Mayor of Hadera and Councilmen have begun to remedy the defects which brought about such a state of affairs. The Municipality has already received a new Treasurer, and has issued suitable instructions to eradicate the previous faults — with the aid of the Ministry and the Municipalities Division.

MAPAI WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT POST

TEL AVIV. — The key organizational post of head of the women's department of Mapai has been offered to Mrs. Lily Bayrack-Cohen by Mapai Secretary-General Yosef Almogi, it was learned here on Monday.

Mrs. Bayrack-Cohen is at present Secretary of the Department of English-speaking Countries in the Ihud Olami of Mapai.

GHANA XI BEAT BLACKPOOL 5-1

ACCRA (Reuter). — Blackpool, the English First Division League Club, were beaten 5-1 by a Ghana representative XI here on Sunday. The home team led 3-1 at half-time.

People More Road-Safety Conscious, Council Told

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Awakening to the problem of road accidents the public, after five years of virtual indifference, has now become aware of the activities of the National Council for the Prevention of Road Accidents.

This was stated here on Monday by Judge B.H. Levenberg, Chairman of the organization, at the Council's general meeting.

Judge Levenberg said that 192 persons — including 43 children — were killed on the roads in 10,106 accidents in 1959. This compared with the fatality figure of 207 the previous year. The number of seriously injured rose in 1959 to 2,141 from 2,053 in 1958.

The Council's budget for the current fiscal year is IL.[illegible], with the Government allocating IL.120,000 and the balance being raised by public contributions. The Council has 31 branches throughout the country.

Judge Levenberg hoped that 25,000 drivers would take part in this year's safety competition.

Mr. A. Samuels, Chairman of the London Traffic Committee, who is now visiting this country, said the incidence of accidents must not deter the Council's efforts to ensure road safety. The criterion had to be: "How much worse would it have been without these activities?"

The Chairman of the meeting, Mr. Ya'acov Salomon, referred to the efforts of President Ben-Zvi to encourage road safety, as well as to the cooperation of the police, the Transport, Education and Interior Ministries.

The meeting was attended by representatives of the Government, police, army, bus cooperatives and insurance companies.

Plan to Reform State Job Service

POST Knesset Reporter

With a fresh endorsement by a majority of the Coalition Executive to support him, Labour Minister Giora Josephthal is scheduling to inform the Council of the State Employment Service today of his plan to replace the present nine-man, politically-appointed Executive of the Service with a three-man professional body.

In the Coalition Executive, which met last night in the Knesset Building, Mapai and the Progressives voted in favour of the Minister's plan, which is designed to eliminate politics from the workings of the Service. Ahdut Ha'avoda abstained, and Mapam and the National Religious voted against.

It was also decided to appoint a Coalition Committee to decide what jobs shall be given to the present members of the Executive.

Under Dr. Josephthal's plan, the Executive would continue to be headed by Mr. Zalman Milstein, the Director of the Service, while the two other places would be filled by public tender.

In addition, it is hoped that the employers, who have boycotted the Executive since its inception because they were allotted only three seats instead of the four they asked for, will be persuaded to cooperate with it.

The head of the Histadrut Trades Union Department, Mr. Aharon Becker, on Sunday assured his colleagues of the Histadrut Central Committee that the Service's Council would retain its powers. He declared that the three-man board would have only executive powers, without any policy-making authority.

He was replying to objections raised at the Central Committee meeting by Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda representatives.

The Political Committee of the Progressive Party yesterday issued a statement calling the Minister's proposal a step in keeping with the aim of taking job distribution out of politics.

No Confidence Bid On B-G's 'Exodus' Theory

POST Knesset Reporter

The Agudat Yisrael Knesset faction last night submitted a motion of non-confidence in the Government, based on the Prime Minister's statement last week expressing the view that only 600 Jews left Egypt with Moses, and that the main body of the Jewish nation had stayed in Cana'an all along.

The motion will probably be heard tomorrow.

The National Religious Party Knesset faction last night submitted a motion for the agenda on the imprisonment of Mr. Nahman Shtarkes, the grandfather of Yosele Schuhmacher.

Knesset Lifts Dayan's Parliamentary Immunity

The Knesset last night voted to lift the parliamentary immunity of Agriculture Minister Moshe Dayan, so that he can stand trial for careless driving and ignoring a stop sign in November, 1959.

The Communists and some General Zionists voted against the motion, while the rest of the General Zionists and Mr. Ya'acov Riftin (Mapam) abstained. The motion was presented by Mr. Haim Zadok, Chairman of the House Committee.

Dr. Moshe Sneh (Communist) spoke against the motion. He maintained that if a Knesset Member's immunity were lifted where a minor offence was involved, it meant that an M.K., in fact, enjoyed no parliamentary immunity.

Mrs. Esther Raziel-Naor (Herut) argued that since no political charges were involved, there was no reason why Mr. Dayan should not stand trial. (In the House Committee, Dr. Y. Bader, Herut, had opposed lifting the immunity.)

Barkatt Appointed Envoy to Norway

The appointment of Mr. Reuven Barkatt as Ambassador to Norway was officially announced by the Foreign Ministry spokesman in Jerusalem yesterday.

The former head of the Histadrut Political Department last month resigned his post following differences of opinion with the Histadrut Secretary-General, Mr. P. Lavon.

Mr. Barkatt, 54, came to this country in 1926, and studied at Paris and Strasbourg universities. From 1933 to 1936 he was secretary of the Agricultural Centre. In 1948 he was appointed to the Executive of the Histadrut and headed the Political Department.

Mr. Barkatt is married and has two children.

Warning Strike By Control Tower Staff

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Control tower personnel here stopped work between 8 a.m. and 10 a.m. yesterday to back up their demand for professional grading.

The strikers also prevented a representative of the Civil Aviation Department Executive from assisting the take-off of an Olympic Airways plane which left here at 8.30 a.m. for Athens. The aircraft left without having contact with the control tower.

At an emergency meeting, the personnel decided to begin a full-scale strike on June 2 if their demands are not met by then. (Itim)

Quick-Witted Butcher Saves Boy from Snake

NAZARETH. — A 10-year-old boy reached into a bird's nest here yesterday — and found that the tip of his sleeve was in the grip of a poisonous snake.

Onlookers stood aghast, but no one made a move until a butcher who was passing by ran back to his shop for a sharp knife and cut off the snake's head. The boy had climbed up a ladder to reach a nook in the wall where the birds had made their nest.

After the 1.25-metre long snake was removed from the nest, it was seen that its stomach was distended from eating the chicks. The boy was sent home after a medical examination showed he was unharmed. (Itim)

Closed Hearings In Aharon Cohen Case

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The District Court decided yesterday to hold in camera the preliminary hearing in the case against Aharon Cohen, of Kibbutz Sha'ar Ha'amakim, who is charged with passing information to the agent of a foreign country. Relieving President S. Eder announced his decision after listening to defence arguments urging a public inquiry. The prosecution did not object to a public hearing, but stated that some evidence would have to be given in camera.

Judge Eder pointed out that all preliminary inquiries were closed, under the law, and open hearings required a special court decision. This was not a case which called for such a measure, he stated. In any case, constant changes from open to closed court would needlessly complicate proceedings.

Defence counsel Y. Kushnir claimed that the State's security authority, unlike in other cases, had given newspaper interviews, made public some of the charges against Cohen, revealed his name in defiance of a court order, and had created public prejudice against the accused. One newspaper had even published the name of the country with whose agent Cohen was alleged to have had contact, it was said.

The court allowed Cohen's wife and two secretaries of Kibbutz Artzi, the kibbutz federation of Hashomer Hatzair, of which Cohen is a member, to attend the hearings.

Boy Drowns in Kinneret; Three Others Rescued

TIBERIAS. — Passers-by yesterday managed to rescue three out of four persons who fell into Lake Kinneret near the Promenade. The fourth, Daniel Sha'ar, 7, of Tiberias, was dead when pulled out of the water.

Daniel and his nine-year-old brother, Rahamim, were playing near the lake when Daniel fell in. Unable to swim, he went under at once. His brother unhesitatingly dived in after him, although he cannot swim either.

Attracted by Rahamim's shouts, passers-by managed to pull both boys out of the water. They were rushed to Poriya Hospital, but only Rahamim responded to artificial respiration.

About an hour later, two visitors from Jerusalem got into difficulties when one of them, who had gone in for a dip, went under. In desperation, he clutched the outstretched hand of his companion, pulling him in as well.

Both were rescued by passers-by.

'March of Prutot' Opens In Jerusalem Today

The "March of Prutot" campaign will open in Jerusalem this afternoon with the goal of collecting IL.30,000 to help polio-stricken children, a press conference in Jerusalem was told yesterday by Mrs. Zipporah Sharett and Mr. Raphael Abulafia, members of the Ilanshil executive in Jerusalem. Several hundred children will march through the streets led by the police band.

Reinterment Today Of HIDA's Remains

The remains of the eighteenth century sage, Rabbi Haim Yosef David Azulai — the "Hida" — were due to arrive at Lydda airport in the early hours of this morning from Italy, for reinterment in Jerusalem. Last night, a memorial service was held at the Yeshurun synagogue, Jerusalem, attended by President Ben-Zvi, Chief Rabbi Nissim, Mr. Zalman Shazar, and Rabbi Ya'acov Hadas.

Herzliya Sewerage System Under Fire

Although the Herzliya beach is not contaminated, the Ministry of Health opposes in principle the present drainage of purified sewage into the sea, the Ministry spokesman stated yesterday.

He said that although bacteriological tests have shown that the Herzliya shore is not at present polluted, the Herzliya Municipality had violated one of the conditions under which the city's Gill Yam Quarter sewerage plan had been approved by the health authorities. This was that, while the purified sewage may be drained into the sea during the winter, it must be diverted during the summer for irrigation purposes, or to replenish ground water reserves.

The spokesman explained that the sewage is purified in sedimentation tanks and oxidation ponds. Tests have shown that the Gill Yam sewerage system is efficient and achieves a 96 per cent degree of purification. However, there are perfectly good methods of exploiting the sewage during the summer and the Ministry opposes in principle its drainage into the sea, so as to remove even the smallest danger of contaminating the beach.

The Ministry is also categorically opposed to Herzliya's present plan to expand its sewerage system and drain the purified sewage into the sea during the summer, he said.

It's A Small World...

being a visitor in Israel, you need not wait for the trip home if you wish to buy one of the famous [illegible] suits or dresses [illegible]. You can buy them here and now at [illegible], Tel Aviv. Recommended by the Government Tourist Corporation. (Advt.)

SUMMIT

"[illegible] from Paris [illegible]," the Soviet spokesman said.

No further sessions were scheduled.

In an atmosphere of gloom heightened by the splendour of the Elysée Palace, the site of the gathering, the four leaders of the world's greatest powers sat through a stormy session of three hours and five minutes.

When it was all over, there seemed little left of the hopes for the Summit but a pile of wreckage buried under a torrent of bitter words.

The fading hope for some meeting rested mainly with General de Gaulle and Prime Minister Macmillan. The President proposed that the U.S. and Soviet leaders take a day off for reflection and cooling down. The White House Press Secretary, Mr. James Hagerty, said any initiative for resuming the meeting would have to come from Gen. de Gaulle.

Western sources said President de Gaulle, in an attempt to avert complete collapse of the Summit, would see Mr. Khrushchev today. His appeal was put this way by a French spokesman:

"The President of the French Republic suggested that the four delegations should leave themselves a day of reflection to consider the statements made on both sides. As far as he is concerned, he will hold discussions with the chiefs of the delegations to see how the situation develops."

Mr. Macmillan was last night also believed to be making a major bid to save the conference from collapsing right at the start. First he called on Gen. de Gaulle at the Elysée Palace, and then drove straight to see President Eisenhower. He was thought likely to see Mr. Khrushchev this morning.

Mr. Khrushchev's proposal for a postponement of six to eight months, which he said would permit tempers to subside, could mean a Summit with a new American President in attendance. Mr. Eisenhower retires in January.

Neither an Eisenhower apology nor an abandonment by Mr. Khrushchev of his violent charges seemed likely. An American spokesman said Mr. Khrushchev had heard with "some satisfaction" that President Eisenhower had ordered a halt to future flights over the Soviet Union, but he still complained bitterly that no punishment was meted out nor was there any expression of regret.

"In spite of this serious and adverse development, I have no intention whatever to diminish my continuing efforts to promote progress toward a peace with justice. This applies to the remainder of my stay in Paris as well as thereafter," Mr. Eisenhower said.

Yesterday's meeting was unexpectedly delayed for an hour at Soviet request, because Mr. Khrushchev wanted to avoid the scheduled initial one-hour meeting of the Big Four leaders alone. When the meeting began, advisers were present.

Snunit's Crew Faces Stiffer Term in Turkey

HAIFA. — The Turkish Public Prosecutor has appealed against the leniency of the one-year sentence imposed on the five crew members of the Israel trawler Snunit, it was learned yesterday.

The trawler and its crew were detained last September on a charge of fishing inside Turkish territorial waters. The crew was found guilty and, after a prolonged trial, was sentenced to one year's imprisonment. Their boat was confiscated.

The fishermen's appeal to the Supreme Court in Ankara has been referred back to the Lower Court at Silifke, which handed down the sentence.

In the meantime, Israel trawlers have ceased fishing off the Turkish coast.

The Ministry of Agriculture has allotted the families of three of the imprisoned men a monthly allowance of IL.[illegible] each. The other two are bachelors.

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

K-F — Willys Contract Extended for 10 Years

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The Kaiser-Frazer plant here has extended its agreement for the assembly of Willys vehicles for another 10 years, the firm's spokesman announced last night. The new agreement was signed by the Kaiser-Frazer General Manager, Mr. [illegible], with the Willys Overland Corporation in Toledo, Ohio.

The agreement is for a longer period than was covered by previous contracts. Under its terms, Kaiser-Frazer will continue assembling all types of Willys vehicles, from jeeps to light jeep trucks.

Meanwhile, four Studebaker-Packard Lark cars and two trucks have arrived at the plant from the U.S. They will be stripped to serve as models on which the Studebaker assembly process will be studied at the plant. A Kaiser-Frazer engineer has also completed a month's study of the assembly at a Studebaker plant in Belgium.

It is expected that the Studebaker parts will arrive by the end of the month, when assembly will immediately be started. The first car is due to be completed by the middle of June.

Kaiser-Frazer's exports during April totalled $300,000, and a similar total is anticipated for this month, the firm's spokesman said.

Israel-Backed Insurance Firm Opens in N.Y.

NEW YORK (Reuter). — The Citadel Life Insurance Co. of New York, one-third financed by Israel capital, will open formally for business today. The newly-organized concern recently received its operating licence from the New York State Insurance Department.

Mr. P. Pomrock, an Israeli, who is the company's president, said one-third of the stock is owned by three insurance firms in Israel — Hassneh Insurance Co. Ltd., Migdal Insurance Co. Ltd. and Zion Insurance Co. Ltd. — and two-thirds by U.S. investors. Initial capital and surplus amount to $1.2m.

"This marks the first time that substantial private Israel capital has come to the U.S. for investment," Mr. Pomrock said. He has been director and manager of the Hassneh Company since 1939.

Premier Appoints Exhibitions Coordinator

Prime Minister Ben-Gurion has appointed Mr. Y. Yanai to serve as Coordinator of a newly-formed Committee for International Exhibitions, composed of the Directors-General of the Prime Minister's Office and of the Ministries of Foreign Affairs and Finance.

Mr. Yanai is Director of the Conservation of Historical Sites Section in the Prime Minister's Office.

The Committee will advise the Government regarding participation in general (non-commercial) exhibitions abroad. It will also be responsible for setting up Israel pavilions at these exhibitions, and it will be the Government body responsible for the direction and supervision of general exhibitions held in Israel.

Foreigners Exempt from Tax on Israel Shares

POST Knesset Reporter

The Knesset Finance Committee yesterday approved a Treasury proposal to exempt foreign investors from income tax on dividends and interest on Israel stocks and bonds under certain conditions.

The exemption will apply only to securities purchased with currency exchanged at the official rate of IL.1.80 per dollar, and only for the first eight years after a particular stock or bond issue has been registered on the stock exchange.

The new regulation is retroactive to March 31, 1960. The eight-year exemption would also apply to all securities listed on the exchange as of that date.

Both the principal and dividends (or interest) may be repatriated at any time, also at the IL.1.80 rate.

The Jerusalem Post learns that under a bill now before the U.S. Senate, the rule of "no double taxation" would be extended to investments of this kind. In other words, where a foreign Government waives income tax in order to attract investments, the U.S. would treat such income as if it were actually taxed by the foreign Government, i.e., free, exempt from U.S. tax.

OIL, POTATOES

HAIFA. — A consignment of 500 tons of groundnut oil was shipped to Holland and Germany yesterday by the Shemen plant. The oil is worth $165,000, and brings Shemen's exports so far this year to $450,000.

Loading also began in the port yesterday of 500 tons of potatoes, destined for Sweden, aboard the s.s. Batsheva.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

MAY 16, 1960

[illegible]	Trust Dollar	[illegible]
[illegible]	Savings (cumulat.)	[illegible]
[illegible]	Defence Loan	[illegible]
[illegible]	Housing Loan A	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " B	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " C	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " D	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " E	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " F	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Electric 37/66	[illegible]
[illegible]	Nat. Oil Co.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Local Authorities	[illegible]
[illegible]	Jewish Agency	[illegible]
[illegible]	Keren Hayesod	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " 50/65 III.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Fertilizers & Chem.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ind. Dev. Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gen. Mortgage Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bank Leumi Inv.	[illegible]
[illegible]	Rassco	[illegible]
[illegible]	Izrota	[illegible]
[illegible]	Gus-Rassco	[illegible]
	C.o.L. LINKED BOND	
[illegible]	Defence Loan	[illegible]
[illegible]	Housing Loan A	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " B	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " C	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " D	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Electric 37/66	[illegible]
[illegible]	Pal. Electric 38/65	[illegible]
[illegible]	Local Authorities	[illegible]
[illegible]	Keren Hayesod	[illegible]
[illegible]	" " 50/65 III	[illegible]
[illegible]	Rassco	[illegible]
	35/36 $/C.o.L. LINKED	
[illegible]	Izrota	[illegible]
[illegible]	Ind. Dev. Bank	[illegible]
[illegible]	Bank Leumi Invest.	[illegible]
	ORDINARY SHARES	
	Bank Leumi	[illegible]
	Gen. Mortgage Bk.	[illegible]
	Bk. Leumi Invest.	[illegible]
	Ellern's Investment	[illegible]
	Africa Pal. Invest.	[illegible]
	Isr. Land Develop.	[illegible]
	Ata Textile	[illegible]
	Molar Textile	[illegible]
	Amis & Bejarano	[illegible]
	Pal Potash	[illegible]
	Teva Pharmac.	[illegible]
	Palest. Cold Storage	[illegible]
	Am. Isr. Paper Mills	[illegible]
	Delek	[illegible]
	Delek (11/12 Div.)	[illegible]
	Jordan	[illegible]
	Rassco	[illegible]

B: Buyers only. E: ex Div/Coupon

TODAY'S TENDENCY
Dollar Bonds: Irregular
Index Bonds: Dull
Shares: Firm

AS REPORTED BY

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מס הכנסה

TO ALL EMPLOYERS

The Income Tax Commissioner wishes to remind employers that all Employees' Cards (Form 101) for 1959 must be returned to the Assessing Officers by May 31, 1960.

Employers are requested to check once more the Cards in their possession in order to ascertain that they are correctly filled in and the details are correct.

After registration of the wages for March, 1960, all salaries should be totalled and the Cards attached to Form 126, returned to the Assessing Officers not later than May 31, 1960.

Employers are kindly requested to return all unused copies to the Assessing Officers. These forms are not to be used for registration of wages during 1960/61.

C. BEN-DAVID,
Deputy Income Tax Commissioner

Notice to the Public

DRAWING OF DEFENCE LOAN (MILVEH BITAHON) PREMIUM BONDS 1950-1960

The 7th drawing of the above loan will take place at the Bank of Israel Hall, Mitspeh Building, Jaffa Road, Jerusalem, on Wednesday, May 18, 1960, at 4 p.m. Admission free. The public is invited.

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THURSDAY- DRAW OF MIFAL HAPAYIS

FAR EASTERN DIARY — By Robert Franklin

Chinese Exodus from Towns

HONG KONG (OFNS). — UNDER the slogan "Everything belongs to the State except the Toothbrush," some 150 million Chinese town and city dwellers are now being rushed into urban communes following Peking's recent decision that the time now was ripe for this momentous last step in the total mobilisation of the world's most populous nation.

The slogan is not to be taken altogether literally — not quite. In a recent dissertation on the subject, an official Peking periodical agreed that it was permissible for individuals to own their clothes, a tea-bowl, fountain pen, and even a radio. But houses and all their furniture should belong to the State and there was no longer any reason for families to buy cooking utensils since, with the introduction of communal mess halls, they would not be needed.

In fact, the magazine pointed out, before long the word "privacy" would virtually disappear from the Chinese vocabulary.

Urging the complete abolition of the family system, the magazine "China Youth," organ of the powerfully influential Communist Youth League, said that the continuing desire for privacy within the home circle was "a stubborn obstacle" that soon would be overcome.

Certainly the organisation of urban communes, now going ahead at a great rate, will hasten the end of privacy as it is known in the Western world. Husbands and wives will take all their meals in communal dining-rooms — different ones unless they are employed at the same place — babies will be taken from mothers at the age of two months and become full-time boarders in State nurseries, and most housework will be done by the communal service centres now being set up in great numbers.

Apart from collective production, "China Youth" says that the people must devote more time to collective spare-time activities; the bourgeois concept that a man's home is his castle is totally incompatible with advanced socialism.

Already some 20,000,000 town and city dwellers have been organised into urban communes and of this number 3,000,000 women now are working in factories or subsidiary workshops for the first time. These early urban communes were organised on a broad experimental basis during the past year after it had been decided, late in 1958, to postpone nation-wide establishment of the communes until town dwellers got more used to the idea.

The programme, far beyond anything attempted in the Soviet Union, has now been decreed not only feasible and necessary but ideologically correct, and although officially blessed only a few weeks ago, it has become the major campaign in China.

Certainly it won't meet with universal approval from China's sophisticated town dwellers, but the fact that Peking is able to push it through is further evidence of the strength of the regime and its great potential.

* * *

FOREIGNERS living in Indonesia, are ruefully pondering the stringent new Government regulations which stipulate, among other things that when leaving the country each family may take out only one watch and each adult only 10 books.

Adult females are limited to a total of 10 dresses, suits and coats and four pairs of shoes, while families may take with them only one camera, and one radio.

While few will complain because they must leave all but one proper table behind, loud indeed will be the anguish at the clause which states that the value of jewellery and ornaments which each family can take out must be limited to $50.

Although the regulations were drawn up primarily against the Chinese now returning home following the harsh restrictions on their trading activities in Indonesia, they already have been applied to other nationals too.

VISITORS' GALLERY : Elmer L. Winter

PROVIDER OF MANPOWER

YOU couldn't tell, looking at modest, soft-spoken Elmer Winter of Milwaukee, that he is President and co-founder of a nation-wide firm that has carried out some of the zaniest stunts in the history of American business. Mr. Winter's firm, Manpower, Inc. has, among other things, supplied mermaids, complete with tail, for publicizing harbour dedications in California, and provided Hollywood directors with secretaries to take notes while the tycoons happily splashed about in their pools. Once, when a morticians' convention met in Minneapolis, Manpower Inc. came through with an attractive model to feature a device which lifted a body from a slab and slid it neatly into a coffin.

"Actually," notes Winter, here on a ten-day visit to investigate the possibility of starting a Manpower branch in this country, "most of the jobs we fill are rather prosaic. We secure office help for firms at peak seasons, or demonstrators of food products, or personnel needed for conventions, and a thousand other instances where part-time help is needed."

Manpower, Inc. started off as an idea in 1948 when Winter and his law partner were hard pressed to get a brief ready for a Supreme Court session. Their regular staff was busy, and no one was available to handle the extra load. After locating a girl only with great difficulty, the two lawyers decided that a service was needed which could provide help to firms which found themselves in need of part-time or short-term assistance because of seasonal demands, absenteeism, emergencies or special sales campaigns.

Since the setting up of that one part-time office in Milwaukee 12 years ago, Manpower, Inc. has mushroomed. Today it operates over 200 offices in the U.S., Canada, Mexico and eight European countries. It provides employment for over 120,000 people a year and its annual income runs to almost $30m. Last year Manpower, Inc. served 85,797 business organisations, associations and government agencies. It is growing at the rate of three offices a month.

Unlike other placement agencies, Manpower is an employer and does not work on a commission or fee basis. It hires people for temporary or part time work, assuming all of the obligations of the employer in matters of salary, insurance, book-keeping, unemployment compensation, etc. Its workers include many retired people, mothers, students, housewives, handicapped persons and the temporarily unemployed.

Womanpower and Salespower

A hard-working man despite his easy-going manner, Winter is now expanding Manpower (actually Womanpower — most of the people placed are women) and has developed a subsidiary called Salespower, which pushes the sales of consumer products. Winter is convinced of the potential of many items made in Israel, and hopes to set up some kind of organisation to win them a wider market in the U.S. He also hopes to interest American businessmen in investing in this country, particularly in partnership with Israel businessmen.

Somewhere along the line, Winter found time to write a book, "Women at Work," which Simon and Schuster will release this fall. His wife Nannette is accompanying him on his visit, and their three daughters are studying in school and college.

Winter, a substantial contributor to the UJA and an active worker on its behalf, says he has found Israel most interesting, and is particularly impressed with the work done to absorb newcomers.

A prize-winning amateur painter, he also finds time to serve as director and counsel for a number of mid-west manufacturing and retail firms.

ELIEZER WHARTMAN

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SUMMIT MEETINGS COME AND GO...
BUT WHO HAS TO CLEAN UP THE MESS?
OF COURSE TASBIN

Herzl the Prophet was Also the Founder of the State of Israel

By YITZHAK GRUENBAUM

IT is said that Herzl was a prophet. His "Jewish State" was an expression of his vision, while his "Altneuland," in the form of a novel, gave it concrete form as the vision materialised. The real aim of the novel, however, was to allay the suspicion of the Sultan and his advisers that his programme would adversely affect the sovereignty of the Ottoman Empire, but already here the vision itself becomes blurred and many of its features beclouded for lack of knowledge and familiarity.

Ahad Ha'am criticised the story mercilessly, declaring that it was not clear exactly what were the quality and character of the Jewish nation that realised the dream of return to its own land and setting up an organised society in the form of a state whose uniqueness, both as to language and culture, is not brought out.

But Herzl envisaged his Jewish State not as a state for Jews who did not wish or were unable to assimilate in the countries where they were living but as an answer to Jewish troubles whose source was in the contradiction — economic, political and spiritual — that merged into what came to be called anti-Semitism. This was a scourge that assumed many forms and would not leave the Jews for a moment, even when they fled the countries where it applied; they simply took it along with them and spread it in the new countries of refuge. The problem that affected not only the Jews but also the nations who used anti-Semitism, therefore, called for an international solution, nothing less. There was no way out for the Jews but to leave their homes and concentrate in a state of their own making where they might live as they wish and shape their lives in line with their needs and aspirations.

War on Assimilation

Had Baron Hirsch accepted his programme for a Jewish State, there is no doubt that Herzl would have agreed to cooperate with him even in Argentina. But Hirsch was afraid of the Jewish State slogan for he understood where it would lead; nor was Baron de Rothschild, who was already engaged in settlement and construction activity in Palestine and who was already being thwarted by the Turkish authorities, more amenable, understanding that such a slogan would bring an end to his activities as well as sharpen Arab opposition.

Undaunted, Herzl believed that he had found the way: he would try to convince the Sultan that consenting to his programme would relieve him of his financial troubles and with that his dependence on the European powers who were incessantly striving to undermine his empire. Then, it would be necessary to convince the powers, all or one of them, to agree to putting the programme into practice. This led to the formulation of a Jewish policy which differed from the accepted policy of mere aid and emancipation for the dispersed and backward Jews. It declared war on assimilation and demanded the concentration of the Jewish people desiring continued national existence and rebirth, by defining it as the national Jewish problem calling for organisation and converting it into a demanding and implementing force.

First Bold Step

Under this programme, the nation would choose its representatives to work in its name towards the realisation of the ultimate aim. Had the wealthy Jews accepted his programme, there would have been no need to rouse the masses and organise the nation; but since they rejected him, his idea and his programme, he could either be content with his vision or act. And he chose to act.

Is this man who thought up the idea of the state and followed it up by organizing the nation to be considered merely the prophet of the Jewish State? He was much more than that: he was the practical guide and trail blazer for the realisation of the goal, he fixed the forms for the organisation and the administrative and legislative institutions; he formulated and directed a programme of action. So it was not Herzl the prophet but Herzl the leader who emerged just as the people were beginning to rally to his call.

His first bold step was to convene the Zionist Congress at Basle — not a council or a conference, but a congress. There was something attractive about the title in its very novelty, a new political concept had been injected into the life of the Jewish nation. Here was a new institution that would represent the nation and speak out in its name before the whole world. The addresses, discussions and even resolutions would be broadcast to the world with the greatest publicity, just like other international and parliamentary congresses. The delegates, those who did not wish or were unable to assimilate, would discuss their problems for all the world to hear and would openly decide on a programme of further activity.

Herzl, who learned parliamentary doctrine in Paris and had studied it down to its smallest particulars, was able to induct the Congress delegates into a Jewish Congress with all its details and procedure. For the first time in their lives they had a taste of what it meant to represent, discuss and decide in their own interests, and each and every delegate was able to vote for a national administration. It was clear from Herzl's opening address that this Basle Congress and those that would follow would afford a continuous basis till the great day of achievement would arrive.

Giant Stature

On the basis of his programme, though everyone was aware that this was no more than a legalistic formula tailored to suit the existing situation, the Zionist Organisation was founded. Every Jew who bought the Shekel was a member of the organisation and was entitled to vote for delegates to the Zionist Congress which would determine the policy of the Organisation and the administration, which in turn would be responsible to the electorate — the Shekel holders. It is true that this feeling permeated the civic consciousness of the Shekel buyers only to a limited extent, but to the delegates themselves it grew clearer with every successive Congress.

Many proposals were put forth at this first Congress which opened a new era in the history of the Jewish nation. It was not long before the Congresses became the national framework of the scattered Jewish people.

Between the first and second Congress, Herzl attempted to establish the Bank proposed at Basle and called for subscriptions. This trial subscription was successful thanks to Herzl's political achievements in Germany whose Kaiser was preparing to tour Palestine and had promised Herzl a discussion of his Zionist demands.

The meeting came about, but great was Herzl's disappointment when he realised that he could not rely upon the promises of the capitalists; at any rate, with the establishment of the Jewish Colonial Trust, the first step was taken in establishing national capital institutions.

Herzl was not the prophet of the Jewish State but its founder, in the same sense that the Prophet Zecharia saw in Zerubavel the founder and builder of the Second Temple.

His closing years were full of disappointment but with his passing there emerged the giant stature of the leader, guide and founder of the Jewish State.

Reader's Letter

DR. HEDWIG SHMALTZ

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — A year ago on May 16, the shocking news of the sudden death of Dr. Hedwig Shmaltz was announced.

Yet it seems only yesterday that we spoke over the phone, discussing my new baby's diet. I can still hear clearly her voice and her concern for my children.

Dr. Shmaltz, a pediatrician and general practitioner, was an exceptional person. She took a personal interest in each of her patients and remembered their individual ailments. Her devotion to them was so great that despite her failing health she never refused the call of a worried mother.

Dr. Shmaltz was part of our family, and I did not know how great a part until she left us. Her patients, young and old, and the mothers she helped cannot forget the void that she has left behind her.

I. TEPPERBERG

Jerusalem, May 15.

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WORLD JEWRY

MARGINAL COMMENT

Butcher in Surgeon's Overalls

By Nissim Rejwan

THERE is something curiously confused about the Arabs' attitude toward this country — quite apart from the knotty problem as to who, exactly, is entitled to speak in the Arabs' name. For what is it that the Arabs demand of Israel? Repatriation of the refugees? Major territorial concessions? Or simply that we should evaporate into thin air? These questions become relevant from time to time, when ordinarily honest and well-intentioned people who are none too familiar with the facts discuss the prospects of peace in the area. These good people usually point out that what Nasser (who for some reason is cited as the spokesman of all the Arabs) really wants is that Israel should abide by the various U.N. resolutions on Palestine. The "Guardian" wrote recently: "President Nasser ...said he was willing to carry out United Nations' resolutions affecting his country if the Israel Government would do the same. This is a challenge that the Israelis should certainly take up...."

*

THIS sounds reasonable enough. But what Nasser tells the representative of the Columbia Broadcasting System once in a blue moon must be weighed against what he tells hysterically cheering crowds every other week, and what Cairo Radio daily beams to millions of Arabs everywhere "from the Atlantic Ocean to the Arab (Persian) Gulf." His Arab listeners are constantly reminded that, no matter how fiercely and long the Arabs will have to fight, "the plundered parts of the Arab homeland" will be "retrieved." How is one to reconcile Nasser's talk about "a just solution" of the Palestine problem according to the U.N. resolutions and the principles of the Bandung Conference, with his warlike declarations about "retrieving" the Holy Land? As a matter of fact, it is impossible to reconcile the two attitudes, for when Nasser speaks of a "solution" to the Palestine problem everyone knows that what he really means is — Israel's liquidation.

*

THAT he himself does not consider this feasible is of little significance. In the words of a radio announcer who accompanied Nasser in his recent Mansura tour: "You, O our Leader, have pledged yourself before your country and before God that you will retrieve Palestine; we are waiting for you to fulfil the promise!" This talk about wiping out Israel is in fact now so firmly taken for granted that from time to time various articulate Arabs submit detailed and carefully-drawn plans for its accomplishment. The latest of these, published in the respectable Beirut daily, "El-Hayat," of April 21, comes from the pen of one Khalil Roba'a, a student at the College of Pharmacy at the American University of Beirut.

*

ROBA'A first takes care to define his terms. No solution can be "just" which does not envisage the "return of Palestine to her inhabitants"; he would suffer "no partition, no peace, no (refugee) settlement, no internationalisation, no repatriation of the refugees under Israel rule, no compensation, no Palestine Reconciliation Commission — or any solution which does not envisage first and foremost the liquidation of Israel and the restoration of Palestine." This is why, he goes on, he now submits his comprehensive plan before the Arab League — a plan which requires the waging of a total war on all fronts: economic, propagandistic, political and, finally, military. The writer has not much to say about the first two fronts except that the boycott and blockade should be intensified and made total and foolproof, and that more and more should be done on the propaganda front — including the publication of a weekly devoted to Palestine and issued in "most languages of the world."

*

IT is when he turns to the third and fourth stages of the battle that Roba'a shows some originality. On the diplomatic front, he proposes that the League set about "persuading" the nations of the world to withdraw their recognition of Israel. If persuasion fails, the League should resort to threats ("...their interests in the Far East entail the passage of their merchandise through Arab territory by air, land and sea.") Should these methods fail, however, the League is to instruct all its members to withdraw their recognition of the uncooperative states. The fourth, and last, stage of this fanatical plan envisages a treaty arrangement between the Arab States whereby "all the Arab armies be as a single army." And so on. As for the problem posed by "two million Jewish strangers," the solution is equally simple: "We will say to them as Saladin said to the Crusaders — 'Go back to where you came from!' Except for those who prove that they were in Palestine before the Balfour Declaration."

*

ENLIGHTENING, isn't it?

Tel Aviv, May 15.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Chill Winds at Summit

NOT a single paper, after surveying the state of world affairs and the Soviet-American estrangement over the spy-plane incident, places too much hope in the prospects of the Summit talks opening in Paris today, and any possibilities for progress are punctuated by a great many "ifs."

However, notes Ha'aretz (non-party), renewed personal contact can lead to a renewal of mutual confidence which in turn can remove the sting from the cold war.

Hatsofe (National Religious) holds that so long as the world's leaders talk, the guns will remain silent and that discussions even in an atmosphere of anger and mistrust may contribute a little to the thawing of the cold war.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) hazards the guess that perhaps the ogre of total destruction in the wake of a nuclear showdown will impel the statesmen to find a compromise.

Herut avers that if a new crisis does not break out in the wake of this Summit over renewed Soviet efforts at domination or nuclear tests, mankind will be able to say "Good enough."

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Tiberias: Tuesdays (once fortnightly) between 8.30—1.30 p.m.

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VIEWS OF THE
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Volume III has just appeared in two Hebrew editions and will be delivered to subscribers during the months of May and June according to the dictates of the respective subscription dates and payment of instalments. Subscribers who have changed their addresses or who are behind in their monthly payments are requested to take appropriate steps.

All subscribers who have honoured the terms of the subscription are entitled to receive Volumes III and IV at no additional charge.

Volume IV, the last volume, is being printed and will appear in December of this year.

Notice

We should like to announce that subscriptions will be accepted for the third edition, which will appear over a period of two years. Volume I will appear in 6 months and the subsequent volumes at six-month intervals. The subscription rate for the four volumes has been set at IL.[illegible], in convenient instalments.

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We regret to announce that we are not authorised to receive orders for the English edition, as the entire new edition was printed especially for an American firm. In exceptional cases we will be permitted to fill orders for Government and public bodies — for display and to be presented to distinguished visitors from abroad.